Practice Exam Questions

ORACLE

1Z0-083

Oracle Database Administration II



Oracle

Exam 1Z0-083

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Version: 8.0

[Total Questions: 282]

Oracle 1Z0-083: Practice Test drop the CUSTOMERS table, and then recover it by using the FLASHBACK TABLE command. Which two statements are true about the dependent objects of the CUSTOMERS table?

- **A.** All the triggers associated with the table are flashed back but are disabled.
- **B.** Materialized views that use the CUSTOMERS table are flashed back.
- **C.** LOB segments associated with the CUSTOMERS table are flashed back.
- **D.** All the constraints defined on the table, except the referential integrity constraints, are flashed back.
- **E.** Only the primary key constraint created for the table is flashed back, whereas all other indexes must be retrieved separately.

Answer: C,D

Question No: 2

Which three statements are true about Flashback Data Archive?

- A. To use Flashback Data Archive, users must have unlimited guota on the Flashback Data Archive tablespace.
- **B.** To enable Flashback Data Archive for a table, it is mandatory to have a default Flashback Data Archive for a database
- C. While enabling Flashback Data Archive for a table, if no name is provided for Flashback Data Archive, it is enabled using the default Flashback Data Archive.
- D. A table enabled for Flashback Data Archive cannot be dropped unless Flashback Data Archive is disabled or disassociated first.
- E. Flashback Data Archive prevents flashback queries from getting a snapshot-too-old error.

Answer: C,D,E

Question No: 3

Choose two. Which two are true about creating RMAN backups for an Oracle container database?

- **A.** Control file backups can be created while connected to the root container.
- **B.** Archived Redo Log backups can be created while connected to an application root CDB.

- **C.** Control file backups can be created while connected to a nonroot container.
- **D.** Online Redo Log backups can be created while connected to the root container.
- **E.** The BACKUP TABLESPACE command can back up a PDB tablespace even if RMAN is connected to CDB\$ROOT.

Answer: A,E

Question No: 4

Which two are prerequisites for performing Flashback Transaction?

- A. Fast Recovery Area must be enabled for the database
- **B.** The EXECUTE privilege must be granted to a user on the DBMS_FLASHBACK package.
- C. Undo retention guarantee must be configured for the database.
- **D.** A supplemental log must be enabled for the primary key.
- **E.** A supplemental log must be enabled for the primary key.

Answer: B,D

Question No:5

Which three are true about RMAN persistent configuration settings, administration, and their effects? (Choose three.)

- **A.** A target database's persistent RMAN configuration settings are always stored in the target's control file
- **B.** Backup older than the recovery window retention policy are always deleted automatically if the backup location has insufficient space.
- **C.** Backups written to the fast recovery area (FRA) that are oboslete based on the redundancy retention policy can be deleted automatically to free space.
- **D.** The RMAN SHOW ALL command displays only settings with nondefault values.
- **E.** A target database's persistent RMAN configuration settings are always synchronized automatically with the RMAN catalog.
- **F.** The V\$RMAN_CONFIGURATION view displays only settings with valuesthat have been modified. G)A DBA must specify either a redundancy retention policy or a recovery window retention policy.

Answer: A,C,F

Oracle 1Z0-083: Practice Test
WHENTIOUT APE: thue about duplicating a database using Recovery Manager (RMAN)? (Choose four.)

- A. Duplication can be done by having the auxiliary database instance pull backup sets from the target database instance.
- **B.** A connection to an auxiliary instance is always required.
- **C.** A subset of the target database can be duplicated.
- **D.** A new DBID is always created for the duplicated database.
- **E.** A connection to the recovery catalog instance is always required.
- **F.** A backup of the target database is always required.
- **G.** Duplication can be done by having the target database instance push copies to the auxiliary database instance.
- **H.** A connection to the target database instance is always required.

Answer: A,B,C,G

Question No:7

Unified auditing is enabled in your database. The HR_ADMIN and OE_ADMIN roles exist and are granted system privileges. You execute the command: SQL>CREATE AUDIT POLICY table aud PRIVILEGES CREATE ANY TABLE, DROP ANY TABLE ROLES hr_admin,oe_admin; Which statement is true?

- **A.** It succeeds and needs to be enabled to capture all SQL statements that require either the specified privileges or any privilege granted to the HR_ADMIN or OE_ADMIN role.
- **B.** It fails because the command does not specify when the unified audit policy should be enforced.
- C. It succeeds and starts capturing only successful SQL statements for all users who have either the specified privileges or roles granted to them.
- **D.** It fails because system privileges cannot be granted with roles in the same audit policy.

Answer: A

Question No:8

Examine this configuration: 1. CDB1 is a container database. 2. COMMON_USER_PREFIX is C##. 3. PDB1 is a pluggable database contained in CDB1. 4. APP1 ROOTis an application container contained in CDB1. 5. APP1 PDB1 is an application PDB contained in APP1_ROOT. You execute these commands successfully:

Which two are true? (Choose two.)

- A. APP1 USER1can be created in PDB1.
- B. APP1 USER1can be created in CDB1.
- **C.** APP1_USER1 can have different privileges in each Application PDB contained in APP1_ROOT.
- D. C## APP USER1 can be created in CDB1.
- E. P1 USER1can be created in CDB1.
- **F.** C##_USER1will have the same privileges and roles granted in all PDBs in CDB1.

Answer: C,D

Question No:9

Which three RMAN persistent settings can be set for a database?

- **A.** backup retention policy
- B. default backup device type
- C. default section size for backups
- **D.** default destinations for backups
- E. multiple backup device types for a single backup

Answer: A,B,D

Question No: 10

A redaction policy was added to the SAL column of the SCOTT.EMP table: BEGIN DBMS_REDACT.ADD_POLICY(object_schema object_name column_name policy_name function_type expression => 'SCOTT', => 'EMP', => 'SAL', => 'SCOTT_EMP', => DBMS_REDACT.FULL, => 'SYS_CONTEXT("SYS_SESSION_ROLES","MGR") END; All users have their default set of system privileges. For which three situations will data not be redacted?

- A. SYSsessions, regardless of the roles that are set in the session
- **B.** SYSTEMsessions,regardlessoftherolesthataresetinthesession
- **C.** SCOTT sessions, only if the MGR role is set in the session
- **D.** SCOTT sessions, only if the MGR role is granted to SCOTT
- E. SCOTTsessions, because heistheowner of the table
- **F.** SYSTEM session, only if the MGR role is set in the session

Answer: A,B,C

Which two are true about RMAN backups when using a media manager to write backups to tape when there are only two tape drives? (Choose two.)

- **A.** SBT tape compression can be used even if no RMAN compression is configured.
- **B.** Any backup set written to the SBT device in this configuration can contain a maximum of two backup pieces.
- **C.** Any backup written to the SBT device in this configuration can contain a maximum of two backup sets.
- D. SBT tape compression and RMAN backup compression should be used in parallel.
- **E.** The SBT device should be configured to use PARALLELISM 2 to allow both tape drive to be used simultaneously.

Answer: A,E

Question No: 12

Which three are true about backup, restore, and recovery operations done without using Recovery Manager (RMAN)? (Choose three.)

- **A.** Backing up a database in NOARCHIVELOG mode using O/S utilities requires that the database instance be started and the databased be in the MOUNT state.
- **B.** Backing up a database in ARCHIVE LOG mode using O/S utilities requires that the database instance be started and the database be in MOUNT state.
- **C.** An Oracle database can be restored from backup files copied using O/S utilities.
- **D.** Oracle data file backups, copied using an O/S utility, can be added to the RMAN catalog as IMAGE COPIES.
- **E.** Backing up a database in NOARCHIVELOG mode using O/S utilities requires that the database instance be shut down.
- **F.** Oracle archive log backups, copied using an O/S utility, can be added to the RMAN catalog as a backup set.
- **G.** Backing up a database in ARCHIVE LOG mode using O/S utilities requires that the database instance be started and the database be in OPEN state.

Answer: C,D,E

Question No: 13

Choose two. Some archived log backups have been accidentally deleted from storage. Which two commands should be used to update the status of backups in the recovery

catalog to display only the missing backups?

- A. RESYNC CATALOG
- B. CROSSCHECK BACKUP OF ARCHIVELOG ALL
- C. LIST ARCHIVELOG ALL
- D. LIST EXPIRED
- E. LIST ARCHIVELOG
- F. REPORT OBSOLETE

Answer: B,D

Question No: 14

Choose three. Which three are true about patchsets?

- **A.** They are installed via OPatch or OPatchAuto.
- **B.** A base release is not needed to install patchsets.
- **C.** They can be applied in a rolling fashion for Clusterware and the databases.
- **D.** Installing a patchset is considered an "upgrade."
- **E.** They can introduce new features.
- **F.** They are only released quarterly.

Answer: C,D,E

Question No: 15

Choose two. Examine this configuration: 1. CDB1 is a container database. 2. APP1_ROOT is an application container contained in CDB1. 3. APP1_ROOT\$SEED is the application seed contained in APP1_ROOT and synchronized with APP1_ROOT. 4. APP1_PDB1 and APP1_PDB2 are application PDBs contained in APP1_ROOT. 5. APP1_USER_APP is an application installed in APP1_ROOT at version 1.0. 6. USER1 is a common user in APP1_ROOT and all its application PDBs, created when version 1.0 of APP1_USER_APP was installed. You execute these commands: \$ sqlplus sys/oracle@localhost:1521/cdb1 as sysdba SQL> ALTER SESSION SET CONTAINER=app1_root; Session altered. SQL> ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1_user1_app BEGIN UPGRADE '1.0' TO '2.0'; pluggable database altered. SQL> GRANT CREATE SESSION TO USER1; Grant succeeded. SQL> ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1_user1_app END UPGRADE TO '2.0'; Pluggable database altered SQL> ALTER SESSION SET CONTAINER=app1_pdb1; Session altered. SQL> ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1_user1_app SYNC; Pluggable database altered. Which two are true?

- A. USER1 can connect to CDB1.
- B. USER1 can connect to APP1 ROOT and APP1 PDB1.
- C. USER1 can connect to APP1_ROOT, APP1_ROOT\$SEED, and APP1_PDB1.
- D. USER1 is defined in APP1_PDB2. E) USER1 can connect only to APP1_PDB1.
- **E.** USER1 can connect only to APP1_ROOT.

Answer: B,D

Question No: 16

Choose the best answer. Examine this configuration:

- 1. CDB1 is a container database.
- 2. There are several pluggable databases (PDBs) in CDB1.
- 5. Each PDB has several tables with referential integrity constraints.
- 6. FLASHBACK DATABASE is ON.
- 7. UNDO RETENTION GUARANTEE is enabled.

Multiple undesired multitable changes were made in all the PDBs.

Which method can be used to undo the changes using a single command?

- A. restore and recover database
- B. flashback transaction
- C. flashback database
- D. flashback table and transaction
- E. flashback table

Answer: C

Question No: 17

Choose the best answer. Examine this configuration:

- 1. CDB1 is a container database running in ARCHIVELOG mode.
- 2. Multiple uncommitted transactions are running in CDB1.
- 3. Redo log groups 1 and 2 are INACTIVE.

4. Redo log group 3 is the CURRENT group.

All members of redo log group 3 are lost before it is archived. Examine these possible steps:

- 1. SHUTDOWN ABORT
- 2. STARTUP NOMOUNT
- 3. STARTUP MOUNT
- 4. ALTER DATABASE MOUNT
- 5. RESTORE DATABASE
- 6. RECOVER DATABASE NOREDO
- 7. RECOVER DATABASE UNTIL AVAILABLE
- 8. RESTORE ARCHIVELOG ALL
- 9. ALTER DATABASE OPEN
- 10. ALTER DATABASE OPEN RESETLOGS

Choose the minimum required steps in the correct order to recover the database.

- **A.** 1,3,5, 6, 9
- **B.** 1,3,5, 7, 10
- **C.** 1,2, 5, 7,4, 10
- **D.** 1,3, 5, 6, 10
- **E.** 1,3,5, 6, 10
- **F.** 1,3,5,8, 6, 10

Answer: B

Question No: 18

Examine this output: Which two are true? (Choose two.)

- **A.** Any PDB not specified in the plan will be unable to execute statements in parallel.
- **B.** PDB3 can use all available parallel execution processes at times.
- **C.** PDB1 is always limited to 40% of the available system resources regardless of demand.
- **D.** Any PDB notspecified in the plan will be able to use a maximum of 16.5% of the available system resources.
- **E.** PDB3 is guaranteed to receive at least 20% of the available system resources if there is enough demand.

F. PDB2 is guaranteed at least 25% of the available parallel execution processes if there is enough demand.

Answer: F

Question No: 19

A container database (CDB) contains two pluggable databases PDB1 and PDB2. The LOCAL_UNDO_ENABLED database property is set to FALSE in the CDB. Data file 24 of PDB2 was deleted and you need to restore and recover it. The only RMAN backup that exists was created with the BACKUP DATABASE command while connected to CDB\$ROOT. Which three are true? (Choose three.)

- **A.** Data file 24 can be recovered only while connected to PDB2.
- **B.** Data file 24 can be restored and recovered while connected to CDB\$ROOT.
- **C.** Data file 24 can be restored only while connected to CDB\$ROOT.
- **D.** Data file 24 can be restored only while connected to PDB2.
- **E.** Data file 24 can be recovered while connected to PDB2.
- **F.** Data file 24 can be recovered while connected to CDB\$ROOT.

Answer: B,E,F

Question No: 20

Choose three. Which three are true about cloning databases into an existing CDB with RMAN?

- A. A non-CDB can be cloned into a PDB.
- **B.** A user with SYSDBA or SYSBKUP must be logged in with RMAN to CDB\$ROOT when cloning a PDB.
- **C.** Only one PDB can be cloned at a time.
- **D.** Two or more PDBs can be cloned with the same command.
- **E.** A user with SYSDBA or SYSBKUP must be logged in with RMAN to the non-CDB being cloned when cloning a non-CDB.
- **F.** The target and auxiliary instance passwords must be the same.

Answer: B,C,E

Question No: 21

Choose three. In which three situations can you use threshold server-generated alerts to help diagnose and fix problems?

- A. when free space in a dictionary managed tablespace falls below a specified percentage
- **B.** when free space in a locally managed tablespace falls below a specified percentage
- C. when the total number of locked user account exceeds a specific value
- **D.** when the number of logons per second exceeds a specific value
- E. when a resumable statement is suspended
- **F.** when the total number of logons exceeds a specific value

Answer: A,B,F

Question No: 22

Choose three. Which three are true about configuring CONTROLFILE AUTOBACKUP by using RMAN?

- **A.** The control file is backed up whenever a new tablespace is created.
- **B.** The server parameter file (SPFILE) is automatically backed up each time the control file is backed up.
- **C.** The control file is backed up whenever a new table is created.
- **D.** The control file is backed up whenever an RMAN backup is successfully recorded in the catalog.
- **E.** It requires the use of fast recovery area (FRA).
- **F.** The control file is backed up automatically each time the SPFILE is backed up manually.

Answer: A,B,F

Question No: 23

You are working on an Oracle Database 19c database. You enabled the Flashback Database feature. Which two statements regarding flashback logs are true? (Choose two.)

- **A.** Flashback logs are not archived.
- **B.** Flashback logs are maintained in redo log files.
- **C.** Flashback logs are maintained in the Flash Recovery Area.
- **D.** Flashback logs are used to maintain Flashback Database related errors.
- E. Flashback logs need to be cleared manually after you disable Flashback Database.

Answer: A,C

Choose three. Which three are true about RMAN archival backups with the RESTORE POINT clause?

- **A.** They are never considered obsolete by RMAN.
- **B.** They can optionally be written to a fast recovery area (FRA).
- **C.** All archive logs are retained after an archival backup is taken, until the next archival backup is taken of the same database.
- **D.** Archive logs are retained if they are necessary to allow the database to be recovered to a consistent state when an archival backup is restored.
- **E.** The SPFILE is included in the archival backup.
- **F.** Use of a recovery catalog is always required to support the creation and use of archival backups. G)The ARCHIVAL attribute for a backup overrides the RMAN retention policy.

Answer: D,E

Question No: 25

HR_ROOT is an application container with the HR_APP application installed. No application PDBs and no application seed have yet been created in HR_ROOT. An application PDB, PDB1, must be created so that the HR_APP application's common objects are accessible to it. Which two methods can be used?

- **A.** Create an application seed, synchronize it with HR_ROOT, and then create the PDB1 application PDB.
- **B.** Create the PDB1 application PDB and synchronize it with HR_ROOT.
- C. Create the PDB1 application PDB and install HR APP in it.
- **D.** Create the PDB1 application PDB and synchronize it with PDB\$SEED.
- E. Create an application seed, and install HR_APP in it.

Answer: A,B

Question No: 26

Choose three. Which three are true about a whole database backup?

- **A.** It can be created only by using RMAN.
- **B.** It always includes all data files, the current control file, the server parameter file, and archived redo logs.
- C. It can be consistent.

- **D.** It is the only possible backup type for a database in NOARCHIVELOG mode.
- **E.** It can consist of either backup sets or image copies. F) It can be inconsistent.

Answer: C,E

Question No: 27

Choose three. Which three are true about Rapid Home Provisioning of Oracle software?

- **A.** It can be used to patch existing Oracle software installations.
- **B.** It can be used only on nodes with Oracle Grid Infrastructure installed.
- **C.** It can be used to create a single-instance Oracle Database in an already-installed Oracle home. D)It can be used to deploy new homes without disrupting active databases.
- **D.** It can be used to create templates of Oracle homes as gold images of only Oracle databases.
- **E.** It can be used to upgrade only single-instance databases running on Oracle Restart.

Answer: A,C,D

Question No: 28

Choose the best answer. Examine this configuration: 1. CDB1 is an Oracle container database from an older release. 2. PDB1, PDB2, PDB3, and PDB4 are pluggable databases in CDB1. A priority list UpgrdList has these entries: 1, pdb2 2, pdb1, pdb3 You execute this command: \$/u01/app/oracle/product/18.1.0/ db_1/rdbms/admin/dbupgrade -L UpgrdList In which order will the upgrade occur?

- A. CDB\$ROOT, PDB\$SEED, PDB2, PDB1, PDB3, and PDB4
- B. CDB\$ROOT, PDB2, PDB1, and PDB3
- C. CDB\$ROOT, PDB\$SEED, PDB2, PDB1, and PDB3
- D. CDB\$ROOT, PDB1, PDB2, PDB3, and PDB4
- E. CDB\$ROOT, PDB\$SEED, PDB1, PDB3, PDB2, and PDB4

Answer: A

Question No: 29

Which two are true about creating RMAN backups for an Oracle container database?

- A. Online Redo Log backups can be created while connected to CDB\$ROOT
- B. Control file backups can be created while connected to CDB\$ROOT.
- **C.** The BACKUP TABLESPACE command can back up a pDB tablespace even if RMAN is connected to CDB\$ROOT.
- **D.** Archived Redo Log backups can be created while connected to PDB
- E. Control file backups can not be created while connected to a PDB

Answer: A,B

Question No: 30

Choose three. You issued this command: RMAN> BACKUP RECOVERY AREA FORCE; Which three are true?

- A. All files in any previous FRA that have not yet been backed up, are backed up.
- **B.** All files in the current fast recovery area (FRA) that have not yet been backed up, are backed up. C)All files in the current FRA that have been backed up already, are backed up.
- **C.** All Oracle recovery files normally written to the FRA and which have been backed up already to the current FRA, are backed up.
- **D.** All files in any previous FRA that have been backed up already, are backed up.
- **E.** All Oracle recovery files normally written to the FRA and which have not yet been backed, are backed up.
- **F.** All Oracle recovery files normally written to the FRA and which have been backed up already to in any previous FRA, are backed up.

Answer: D,F

Question No: 31

Which three are true about Optimizer Statistics Advisor? (Choose three.)

- **A.** It can be run only manually.
- **B.** It is part of the DBMS_ADVISOR package.
- **C.** It can recommend changes to improve the statistics gathering process.
- **D.** It always analyzes all schemas in the database.
- **E.** It runs automatically every night by default.
- **F.** It is part of the DBMS_STATS package.

Answer: C,E,F

Examine this configuration: 1. CDB1 is an Oracle Database 12c Release 2 database containing pluggable databases PDB\$SEED, PDB1, and PDB2. 2. PDB\$SEED is open READ ONLY 3. PDB1 is open READ WRITE 4. PDB2 is MOUNTED. 5. ORACLE_HOME is /u01/app/oracle/product/18.1.0/dbhome_1. You execute these commands before upgrading the database to the current release: For which databases will fixup scripts be created?

- A. CDB1, PDB\$SEED, PDB1, and PDB2
- B. PDB\$SEED, PDB1, and PDB2 only
- C. CDB1 and PDB\$SEED only
- D. CDB1, PDB1, and PDB2 only
- E. CDB1, PDB\$SEED, and PDB1 only

Answer: E

Question No: 33

Examine these queries and their output: An online RMAN backup of the CDB was taken an hour before Restore Point R1 was created. You want to recover PDB1 to Restore Point R1. How do you achieve this?

- **A.** Execute FLASHBACK PLUGGABLE DATABASE PDB1 TO RESTORE POINT R1by using RMAN while connected to PDB1.
- **B.** Execute FLASHBACK PLUGGABLE DATABASE PDB1 TO RESTORE POINT R1by using SQL while connected to PDB1.
- **C.** Execute FLASHBACK PLUGGABLE DATABASE PDB1 TO RESTORE POINT R1by using SQL while connected to CDB\$ROOT.
- **D.** Execute FLASHBACK PLUGGABLE DATABASE PDB1 TO RESTORE POINT R1by using RMAN while connected to CDB\$ROOT.
- **E.** This cannot be done due to the lack of a clean restore point.

Answer: E

Question No: 34

choose one You want to create a test database as a replica of your production database with minimum intervention from a DBA. Which method would you use?

A. Use DBCA to create a template from the existing database to contain the database

structure with data files and then use the same template to create the database in the new location.

- **B.** Use Database Configuration Assistant (DBCA) to create a template from the existing database to contain the database structure.
- **C.** Use DBCA to create a template from the existing database to contain the database structure and then manually copy the data by using Oracle Data Pump.
- **D.** Create the database by using the CREATE DATABASE . . . command and manually import data by using Data Pump.

Answer: A

Question No: 35

Which three are true about Oracle Grid Infrastructure for a Standalone Server?

- **A.** It requires Oracle ASMLib to manage Automatic Storage Managerment (ASMI) disks.
- **B.** It creates one disk group during installation.
- C. It includes both Oracle Restart and Oracle Automatic Storage Management (ASM) software.
- **D.** Automatic Storage Management (ASM requires that ars groups OSASM and OSDBA be assigned assecondary groups for its installation owner.
- **E.** It requires the operating system ORACLE_BASDE environment variable to be predefined before installation.
- F. It requires Oracle ASM Filter Drver (ASMFD) to manage Automatic Storage Managemernt (AsM) disks.

Answer: B,C,D

Question No: 36

choose three Which three are true about RMAN duplexed backup sets or image copies?

- **A.** A backup set may be duplexed with both copies written to disk.
- **B.** An image copy on disk can be copied to disk.
- **C.** A backup set may be duplexed with both copies written to sbt.
- **D.** A backup set may be duplexed so that one copy is written to sbt and the other to disk.
- **E.** An image copy on disk can be copied to sbt.
- **F.** An image copy on sbt can be copied to disk.

Answer: A,B,C

Choose two. Which two are true about RMAN persistent configuration settings, administration, and their effects?

- **A.** A DBA must specify either a redundancy retention policy or a recovery window retention policy. B)A target database's persistent RMAN configuration settings are always synchronized automatically with the RMAN catalog.
- **B.** Backups older than the recovery window retention policy are always deleted automatically if the backup location has insufficient space.
- **C.** Backups written to the fast recovery area (FRA) that are obsolete based on the redundancy retention policy can be deleted automatically to free space.
- **D.** A target database's persistent RMAN configuration settings are always stored in the target's control file.

Answer: A

Question No: 38

Choose three. Which are three of the steps taken by Database Configuration Assistant (DBCA) to clone a remote pluggable database (PDB) starting from Oracle 19c?

- **A.** automatically dropping the database link to the remote database if it already exists
- B. opening the cloned PDB
- C. creating a new empty PDB in the local database from PDB\$SEED
- **D.** creating a database link from CDB\$ROOT in the local database to CDB\$ROOT in the remote system that is to be cloned
- **E.** creating a database link from CDB\$ROOT in the remote database to be cloned to CDB\$ROOT in the local database
- **F.** creating a database link from CDB\$ROOT in the local database to the PDB in the remote system that is to be cloned
- **G.** creating a database link from CDB\$ROOT in the remote database to the PDB in the local database

Answer: A,D,G

Question No: 39

choose two Which two are benefits of unified auditing in full mode?

A. All audit data is written to both the traditional locations and to the unified location.

- **B.** The audit trail is in a single format.
- **C.** Pre 12c audit data is written to the traditional locations and new 12c audit data is written to the unified location.
- **D.** The audit trail is read-only.
- **E.** The audit trail uses less space.

Answer: B,C

Question No: 40

Which three are true about opatch auto? (Choose three.)

- **A.** It performs a shutdown and then a restart of all processes in both Oracle Grid Infrastructure and Oracle Database home during the patching process.
- **B.** It must be invoked by a user with root user privileges.
- C. Patches are applied via opatchauto.
- **D.** Users must always input patch plans to opatchauto.
- **E.** It requires the Oracle Grid Infrastructure and Oracle Database instances to be shut down before being invoked.
- **F.** It applies patches in nonrolling mode by default.
- **G.** It is used to apply interim patches to Oracle Grid Infrastructure and Oracle Database home combinations.

Answer: A,B,G

Question No: 41

Which three are true about an application seed pluggable database (PDB)? (Choose three.)

- **A.** It is automatically synchronized with its application root PDB when an application is upgraded. B)It cannot be added to an application container after the application container has already been created.
- **B.** A new application PDB created by cloning an application seed PDB can have an old version of the application installed after cloning completes.
- **C.** It is automatically synchronized with its application root PDB when an application is installed.
- **D.** It cannot be dropped from its application container.
- **E.** A new application PDB created by cloning an application seed PDB can have an up-to-date version of the application installed after cloning completes.
- **F.** It is not required in an application container.

Answer: C,F

Question No: 42

Which three tasks can be automatically performed by the Automatic Data Optimization feature of Information lifecycle Management (ILM)?

- A. Tracking the most recent read time for a table segment in a user tablespace
- **B.** Tracking the most recent write time for a table segment in a user tablespace
- **C.** Tracking insert time by row for table rows
- **D.** Tracking the most recent write time for a table block
- E. Tracking the most recent read time for a table segment in the SYSTEM tablespace
- **F.** Tracking the most recent write time for a table segment in the SYSAUX tablespace Correct

Answer: A,B,C

Question No: 43

Choose two. Which two are true about the automatic execution of operating system scripts when performing silent mode installation starting from Oracle Database 19c?

- **A.** The response file can specify the path of the sudo program.
- **B.** The response file must contain the root or sudo password.
- **C.** Silent install always runs operating scripts automatically.
- **D.** The response file can specify the root or sudo password.
- **E.** The installer will prompt for the root or sudo password.

Answer: C,E

Question No: 44

Automatic Shared Memory Management is disabled for one of your database instances. Some SQL statements perform poorly due to excessive hard parse activity, thereby degrading performance. What would be your next step?

- A. Run the SQL Access Advisor.
- **B.** Run the Memory Advisor for the shared pool.
- **C.** Run the SQL Tunning Advisor.