

Total Question: 80 QAs

Question No : 1

As part of evaluating procedural integrity on a school based program, it is important for the behavior analyst to assess the quality of data collected by a teacher.

The BEST method is for the behavior analyst to?

- A. take data on student performance simultaneously with the teacher.
- B. compare student's self-graphed data to data collected by the teacher.
- C. compare data collected at the same time by the teacher and another teacher.
- D. compare her/his observation of a student's performance with data collected by the teacher from an earlier training session with the student.

Answer: A

Question No : 2

Available resources, applicable federal and state laws, programmatic costs, and a person's adaptive skills, learning history, and personal interests should all be considered as part of the process of.

- A. collecting empirical data.
- B. conducting a baseline of target behaviors.
- C. manipulating ecological factors.
- D. prioritizing goals and objectives.

Answer: D

Question No : 3

A behavior analyst decides to replicate a published research project but finds that the information provided does not allow them to complete the project without more information from the author. The article violates which dimension of applied behavior analysis?

- A. effective
- B. ethical
- C. conceptually systematic

D. technological

Answer: D

Question No : 4

Which of the following could NOT function as an unconditioned punisher?

A. a bitter taste

B. social disapproval

C. excessive stimulation

D. physical restraint

Answer: B

Question No : 5

A parent reports that her 2-year-old daughter uses a number of stalling techniques to avoid bedtime once she is told to go to bed. What would be a good progress measure for going to bed when told?

A. frequency

B. inter-response time

C. latency

D. compliance

Answer: C

Question No : 6

Behavior that can be directly observed only by the person behaving is called.

A. covert behavior.

B. overt behavior.

C. operant behavior.

D. respondent behavior.

Answer: A

Question No : 7

One of the MOST important reasons for writing a precise definition of behavior is that a precise definition:

A. produces greater inter observer agreement and requires less training time for observers.

B. allows for easier and more reliable quantification of temporal locus and temporal extent.

C. increases the likelihood that the behavior of interest will be reliably detected by observers or measurement equipment.

D. makes calibration checks of observers or measurement equipment less necessary.

Answer: C

Question No : 8

One limitation of descriptive analysis is that it:

A. does not allow the behavior analyst the opportunity to measure, record, and interpret the data on the target behavior.

B. does not permit the precise determination of functional relationships.

C. provides a less than adequate description of the topography and intensity of behavior.

D. violates the individual's right to privacy.

Answer: B

Question No : 9

To address hitting others, two procedures were compared. differential reinforcement of incompatible behavior and time-out. The outcomes were examined within and across subjects. A withdrawal design was employed. The BEST response measure to use in this study is frequency of.

A. the incompatible behavior.

B. being sent to time-out.

C. hitting others.

D. reinforcer delivery.

Answer: C

Question No : 10

In this graph, what is plotted on number 1?

A. dependent variable

B. independent variable

C. session

D. setting

Answer: A

Question No : 11

A reliable measure is one that is:

A. socially valid as indicated by caregiver reports.

B. effective as evidenced by peer-reviewed journal articles.

C. trusted to be practical and to produce accurate data.

D. consistent across observers and measurement occasions.

Answer: D

Question No : 12

Which of the following is most likely an example of reinforcing consequences?

A. A company gives an annual bonus to its employees. Employees are happy.

B. Law enforcement officer gives a ticket to a speeder. Driver stops speeding.

C. Child loses a sticker each time they talk out in class. Rates of talking out decrease.

D. Student is sent to detention for fighting. Student is found in detention every week.

Answer: D

Question No : 13

Clifford's lawn work is steady and up to standard as long as his work is verbally praised approximately every twelfth completed mower circuit. However, at times the crew chief is unable to praise his work at that moment. When praise is not forthcoming, Clifford usually stops working. The best way to facilitate maintenance and generalization of Clifford's work, using a self-management technique, would be to:

- A. have fellow workers provide praise when Clifford stops working.
- B. have the crew chief use a variable schedule of reinforcement.
- C. increase the delay in reinforcement until the afternoon.
- D. teach Clifford how to request reinforcement for the target behavior.

Answer: D

Question No : 14

What best defines a discriminative stimulus?

- A. It always elicits a response.
- B. It is defined by its effect on behavior.
- C. It is established using either operant or respondent procedures.
- D. It is any change in the environment.

Answer: B

Question No : 15

Considering the potential impact of behavioral contrast, what is a likely outcome when there is an effective program targeting compliance at school when no formal program is implemented at home? Compliance at home would be predicted to:

- A. be more variable.
- B. decrease.
- C. increase.

D. stay the same.

Answer: B

Question No : 16

Joe describes himself as being addicted to video games. He is told that if he does not complete his chores, he will lose access to his computer. On Monday, he refuses to complete his chores and he loses access to his computer for 2 days. From Tuesday on, Joe's refusals cease. The change in Joe's behavior is MOST likely to be the result of.

A. an aversive procedure.

B. negative punishment.

C. compliance training.

D. contingency contracting.

Answer: B

Question No : 17

One of the basic requirements for staff training is that the:

A. completion of training should be based on the demonstrated competency of the staff.

B. skills should be measured only upon the completion of training.

C. training should be accomplished by observation followed by a question-and-answer session.

D. underlying competency-based principles should be taught.

Answer: A

Question No : 18

Identifying the steps involved in evacuating the group home during a fire drill is an example of a (n):

A. interdependent group contingency.

B. chaining procedure.

C. intervention plan.

D. task analysis.

Answer: D

Question No : 19

A client with a history of escape maintained problem behavior begins to throw the puzzle pieces a few minutes after starting to work on the task. What is the BEST programmatic change for the behavior analyst to make?

A. Remove the puzzle and implement a time-out procedure.

B. Teach the client to request escape using an adaptive behavior.

C. Implement an overcorrection procedure to reduce puzzle piece throwing.

D. Increase the amount of social praise delivered for successful task completion.

Answer: B

Question No : 20

For which scenario would discrimination training be an appropriate behavior change strategy?

A. Nathan hits others during math class but not during other classes.

B. Peter loves to talk to his peers, which is very disruptive during church.

C. Suzi refuses to eat dinner, but she does eat breakfast and lunch.

D. Tabitha gloats when she wins a game and pouts when she loses.

Answer: B

Question No : 21

When Susan attempts to escape from a task, she exhibits several behaviors, including hitting her head, stomping her feet, and crying. This is an example of A.

A. functional response class.

B. respondent class.

C. stimulus class.

D. topographical response class.

Answer: A

Question No : 22

Marvell is working on a new case with a student who refuses to attend school. Before deciding on a treatment plan, Marvell schedules interviews and observation sessions. This is an example of which assumption of behavior analysis?

A. determinism

B. empiricism

C. skepticism

D. parsimony

Answer: B

Question No : 23

To teach Beth to wash her hands, staff trained Beth in all the steps identified in the task analysis in each session. They also introduced prompts in successive levels if Beth did not respond after a two-second waiting period. Which behavior chaining procedure was used in this program?

A. backward

B. forward

C. global

D. total task

Answer: D

Question No : 24

Sammy is having a difficult time completing his independent math worksheet on two-digit division. He is frustrated and doesn't understand how to solve the equations.

Sammy raises his hand and asks for "help." The teacher assists Sammy. Sammy's asking for "help" is?